## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method of changing a driving sequence to output a charge coupled device signal, applied to an apparatus having a pixel processor and a charge coupled device, wherein a plurality of charge signals formed by the charge coupled device are sequentially sent to the pixel processor according to a first driving sequence, and the pixel processor outputs the charge signals according to a sampling sequence, the method comprising:

sending the charge signals to the pixel processor according to a second driving sequence with a period less than the first driving sequence;

sampling the charge signals by the pixel processor according to the sampling sequence; [[,]] and outputting data obtained by sampling.

- 2. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein an initial position of said first driving sequence is shifted with a phase, and the pixel processor samples and outputs the charge signals at different positions.
- 3. (Previously presented) A method of changing a driving sequence to send a plurality of charge signals sequentially to a pixel processor according to the driving sequence, while the pixel processor outputs the charge signals according to a sampling sequence, the method comprising:

decreasing a period of the driving sequence;

sending the charge signals to the pixel processor according to the driving sequence; and

sampling the charge signals by the pixel processor according to an unchanged sampling sequence.

- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, further comprising: shifting an initial position of the driving sequence in phase.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 4, further comprising: sampling the charge signals at different positions in the driving sequence; and outputting the charge signals at different positions in the driving sequence.

- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 4, further comprising: determining a sensor cell that is in an initial position to output a charge signal.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the period of the driving sequence is decreased to half of an initial value.
  - 8. (Previously presented) An apparatus comprising: means for changing a period of a driving sequence;

means for sending a plurality of charge signals to a pixel processor according to the driving sequence;

and

means for sampling the charge signals by the pixel processor according to an unchanged sampling sequence.

- 9. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 8, further comprising: means for shifting an initial position of the driving sequence in phase.
- 10. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 9, further comprising: means for sampling the charge signals at different positions in the driving sequence; and means for outputting the charge signals at different positions in the driving sequence.
- 11. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 9, further comprising: means for determining a sensor cell that is in an initial position to output a charge signal.
- 12. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein changing the period of the driving sequence comprises decreasing the period of the driving sequence to half of an initial value.
- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein said apparatus comprises a scanner.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the second driving sequence has a period of one half the period of the first driving sequence.

- 15. (Previously presented) A system comprising:
- an image sensor operable to output a first signal based on a first sequence, wherein said first sequence can be changed;
- a pixel processor operable to receive the first signal, said pixel processor further operable to generate a second signal based on a second driving sequence; and

wherein said pixel processor is further operable to continue to generate said second signal based on said second sequence if said first sequence is changed.

- 16 . (Previously presented) The system of claim 15, wherein said image sensor comprises a charge coupled device.
- 17. (Previously presented) The system of claim 15, wherein said image sensor is further operable to output said first signal based on a phase shifted driving sequence.
- 18. (Currently amended) The system of claim 15, wherein said pixel processor further is further operable to sample said first signal at a different position in said driving sequence.
- 19. (Previously presented) The system of claim 15, wherein said image sensor <u>if-is</u> further operable to output a first signal based on a changed first sequence, wherein said changed first sequence has a period of one half of a period of said first sequence.
  - 20. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

changing a period of a first sequence of a image capture device;

sending a signal produced by said image capture device according to the changed first sequence to a pixel processor; and

sampling the sent signal with said pixel processor according to an unchanged second sequence.

- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein said image capture device comprises a charge coupled device.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, and further comprising: shifting an initial position of said first sequence in phase.

- 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, and further comprising: sending the signals at different positions in said first sequence; and sampling the sent signal at a different position in said first sequence.
- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising: determining a sensor cell of said image capture device that is in an initial position to output a signal.
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein said changing a period of a first sequence comprises decreasing said period to half of an initial value.